Alberto Marcato

Bocconi University Via Roentgen, 1 ⋄ Room 5-E2-08 20136 Milan, Italy

Research Interests

Primary: Labor Economics

Secondary: Economics of Education and Training, Regional Economics

Education

Economics PhD Student, Bocconi University, Milan, Italy

September 2017 - present

Ca' Foscari University, Venice, Italy

MSc in Economics, 2016

Ca' Foscari University, Venice, Italy

BSc in Business and Economics 2013

Working papers

Lights and Shadows of Employer Concentration: On-the-Job Training and Wages [JM PAPER]

This paper studies the effect of employer concentration on the provision of on-the-job training and wages. I rely on administrative micro-data from Italy and an IV empirical strategy to address the endogeneity of employer concentration. Employers in highly concentrated labor markets provide more training at extensive and intensive margins. Specifically, moving from the 25th to 75th percentile of employer concentration increases the employer's expenditure in training per worker by 50% and the probability that an employer provides any training by 10%. I also find a negative and statistically significant effect of concentration on wages with an elasticity of -0.1. I interpret the results through the lens of an oligopsonistic model. Employers internalize their labor demand on the wages leading them to spend more on on-the-job training per worker. These findings suggest that using employer concentration as a direct measure of labor market competition could underestimate the negative effect of concentration on wages.

On-the-job training and labor market competition

jointly with Abi Adams-Prassl and Thomas Le Barbanchon

In this paper, we provide a new set of stylised facts on firm provision of on-the-job training and labor market competition. We exploit job ad texts taking a supervised machine learning approach to identify training offers. We find that around 20% of US job posts offer on-the-job training, with an upward trend over the last decade. Training offers are positively correlated with local labor market concentration, a finding that is robust to an instrumental variables strategy based on the local differential exposure to national firm-level trends. Moving from the first to the third quartile of labor concentration increases training by almost 5%. We interpret our results through the lens of a directed search model where training acts to reduce the time to fill a vacancy and training has a greater expected benefit to the employer in less competitive labor markets given the lower separation rates.

Skill Demand and Labor Market Concentration: Evidence from Italian Vacancies jointly with Emilio Colombo

This paper analyses the relationship between labor market concentration and employers' skill demand. Using a novel data set on Italian online job vacancies during 2013-2018 we show that employers in a highly concentrated labor market demand competencies associated with the ability of workers to learn faster (e.g. Social skills) rather than actual knowledge. They also require less experience but higher education. These results are consistent with the hypothesis that employers in more concentrated labor markets are more prone to train their employees. Instead of looking for workers who already have job-specific skills, they look for workers who can acquire them faster and efficiently.

Policy Papers _

The regional economic impact of the Alpine World Ski Championships 2021, [in italian] jointly with Francesco Decarolis and Giorgio Ivaldi

Teaching Assistant

Bocconi University,

Macroeconomics (BSc, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023); Prof. A. Gibert Rivas Economics of Labour and Human Resources (BSc, 2022, 2023); Prof. T. Boeri Microeconomics (BSc, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023); Prof. C. Carnehl, Prof. F. Panunzi Econometrics (MSc, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022); Prof. M. Marcellino Empirical Industrial Organization (MSc, 2020); Prof. F. Decarolis Labour Economics (BSc, 2019); Prof. T. Le Barbanchon

Ca' Foscari University,

Mathematics (BSc, Fall 2014); Prof. A. Ellero

Riccardo Faini Award for best master thesis (Ca' Foscari University)

Erasmus+ Scholarship for exchange at Université Catholique de Louvain

Research experience

Studiare Sviluppo, Italian Ministry of Economics and Finance Economic Junior Expert and Research Assistant for Prof. F. Decarolis	Rome, Italy June 2020 - December 2021
Université Libre de Bruxelles, Department of Applied Economics Research Assistant for Prof. I. Tojerow	Brussels, Belgium May 2017 - Aug. 2017
Bank of Italy, Regional Economic Research Department Research Assistant	Venice, Italy <i>Oct. 2016 - Apr. 2017</i>
Awards and Scholarships	
Fondazione Romeo ed Enrica Invernizzi Research Scholarship	2021 - 2023
Ph.D. Fellowship, Bocconi University, Milan	2017 - 2021

2016

2015

Other Academic Activities

Conferences/Seminars: Bank of Italy, lunch seminar (Rome); 15th RGS Doctoral Conference in Economics (Ruhr University Bochum); Workshop on Labour Economics (University of Trier); Scottish Economic Society Conference 2022 (University of Glasgow); Food for Thought (Bocconi University); 26th Spring Meeting of Young Economists (University of Orléans); 23rd IZA Summer School in Labor Economics (Ammersee); 5th IDSC of IZA Workshop: Matching Workers and Jobs Online (Online); 37th National Conference of Labour Economics (University of Salerno)

Skills

Languages

Italian (native), English (fluent), French (dormant)

Communication skills

BEAT PhD Students – Bocconi Excellence in Advanced Teaching

GRE, 2016: Verbal, 158; Quantitative, 170

Computer skills

Stata, Python, Matlab, Eviews, LATEX, Microsoft Office

References

Antonella Trigari

Bocconi University

Department of Economics

antonella.trigari@unibocconi.it

Thomas Le Barbanchon

Bocconi University

Department of Economics

thomas.lebarbanchon@unibocconi.it

Abi Adams-Prassl
University of Oxford
Department of Economics
abi.adams-prassl@economics.ox.ac.uk

Tito Boeri
Bocconi University
Department of Economics
tito.boeri@unibocconi.it